

IMPOSING CEREMONY

Was the inauguration of Major McKinley as President.

HE NOW HAS FULL CONTROL.

The Parade Eclipsed Anything Ever Witnessed in America.

DECORATIONS WERE UNEQUALED.

White the Act of Making and Unmaking a President Was Purely Formal, It Was None the Less an Interesting Event.

Washington, March 4.—The official ceremonies of the inauguration began with the departure of President Cleveland and President-elect McKinley and Vice President-elect Hobart and the senate committee of arrangements and their escort of 5,000 troops, from the White House for the Capitol, where the oath of office was to be administered to the new chief executive.

Major McKinley drove over from the Ebbitt House to the executive mansion at 10:30 and met the president in his private office. The presidential party, with the escort of United States troops, Troop A of Cleveland and the District national guard, left the White House at 11 a. m. and reached the Capitol shortly before noon.

Vice President Stevenson did not accompany his successor, the vice president-elect, as Mr. Stevenson was engaged in presiding over the senate. Mr. Hobart instead was accompanied by the senate committee of arrangements, consisting of Messrs. Sherman, Elkins and Mitchell.

At the Capitol the president and other officials, the president and vice president-elect, assembled in the senate chamber, the members of the supreme court and of the senate and house being present. Vice President Stevenson administered the oath of office to Mr. Hobart, and at the stroke of 12 declared the senate of the Fifty-fourth congress adjourned without delay. The vice president, an extra session of the senate having been called, then administered the oath to the newly elected senators.

The senate then took a recess and the procession moved to the stand at the east portico in front of the rotunda, President Cleveland and President-elect McKinley leading. On the stand the oath of office was administered to President-elect McKinley by Chief Justice Fuller. President McKinley then made his inaugural address.

On concluding he returned to the president's room in the senate wing of the Capitol and from there he was escorted to the White House by the inaugural parade which began to move from the Capitol about 2 o'clock.

The parade moved from the Capitol by way of Pennsylvania avenue west to Washington Circle, thence east through K street to Vermont avenue, where the organizations were reviewed by Grand Marshal Porter and

waiting for the signal to start.

dismissed. From a stand in front of the White House the president reviewed the parade.

On the return to the White House, which President McKinley reached ahead of the main body of the parade, a luncheon was served for him before he went to the reviewing stand. At this time he and Mrs. McKinley took leave of ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland.

PROULX DECORATIONS.

Nothing to Equal It Ever Before Seen in Any Country.

Washington, March 4.—The center of interest in the decorations of the city is Pennsylvania avenue, stretching in an unbroken sheet of asphalt 150 feet broad and a mile long from the foot of the Capitol to the foot of the treasury, and thence, after a short break at Fifteenth street, for another mile and a half past the north front of the treasury, past the White House and the state, army and navy departments to Washington Circle. There the inaugural procession turned on its backward march toward the reviewing stand of the grand marshal on K street. It is one of the most remarkable thoroughfares among the capitals of the nations and its decoration for the American Olympiad is a matter of long thought and a great expenditure of money.

The great trench of buildings from

the Capitol to the treasury, one of the most magnificent vistas in the world of cities, can not be equalled, and this year the decorations are abundant. The avenue is a wealth of hunting. There are flags of all nations waving from the windows or floating from every available flagpole; probably every flag in the international code is represented from the stars and stripes and the blue cross of St. George to the white elephant of Siam and the black and yellow dragon flag of China.

The presence of the crowd on the streets lend a good deal of brilliancy and movement to the scene and detracts from the need of excessive decoration. From house front to house front, except in the center where the police have cleared away, there is a solid mass of humanity, many colored and constantly shifting; a veritable human carpet for the great avenue through which the flood for the inaugural procession is to roll.

Above the heads of the crowd on either side rise the walls of the houses, enriched with every variety of flag and streamer that the mind of the resident property holder can devise. There are sunbursts of red, white and blue under almost every window sill and where the national colors are waving they are yellow and black of Russia, the



REVIEWING THE PARADE.

double headed eagle of Austria, the red, white and green of the Barbary states and every other national combination that would naturally suggest itself to the naturalized population of a most cosmopolitan capital.

The decorations of the avenue in fact may be divided into sections from the Capitol to the Washington Circle. At the foot of the Capitol, the Peace Monument, that dry rock of statuary that has waited a decade for the Aaron's rod of an appropriate committee to turn it into a fountain, has been surrounded by a neat white picket fence by the careful executive committee to prevent the economical public from making a grand stand out of the granite shoulders of Faith Hope and Charity as they are on a tempting eminence from which to gain a view of the parade. From the summit of the white picket fence, however, there are innumerable banners, a decorative tribute to the isolated graces.

From this point to Seventh street the decorations are much the same. This is the older avenue, the section which in the days of Webster, Clay and Benton was the fashionable boarding house section, enriched with substantial brick buildings in strong distinction to the remainder of the shanty capital. These "substantial brick buildings" are now insignificant 2-story houses with hip roofs and dormer windows, a relic of a bygone era. Their residents have decorated them each after his own inclination with flags from the ridgepoles, banners from the second story windows, and printed banners of welcome to the McKinley and Hobart personally as "the people's choice" and the "advance agents prosperity."

At Seventh street, one of the great business arteries of the city, the stands commence. The reservation on each side of the avenue have been occupied by grand stands, bannered and embellished with canvases fronts painted in imitation of brown stone, which tend to make an imposing display. From thence on to the foot of the treasury at Fifteenth street the decorations are of a slightly different character. This is the region of power and more imposing buildings, though the avenue is not the place in Washington to find the best specimens of business architecture, but the larger stores and office buildings are wealthier than these in the carnival of Seventh street and they decorate with more of real bunting and less of print muslin and canopies.

Besides the banners floating from the roofs there are streamers from the canopies to the awning rods on the sidewalk, red, white and blue, most recently, but almost as often some other ray and striking combination, giving the mere architectural features of the building into obedience and

lending a carnival air to the ordinarily prosaic structure. Garlands of red, white and blue incandescent lights are mingled with the bunting to be flashed at night into a brilliant display of color, and a few shields and painted emblems help to fill in the blank wall space.

But more substantial and extensive than the decorations of the private buildings are those of the public departments. Every department, from the interior to the state, war and navy buildings, has thrown abroad all its store of bunting in honor of the day.

The base of the treasury building is one of the favorite vantage grounds from which to view the inaugural parade, and there have been erected stands on the south, east and north fronts. These, with their uniform salmon-like tint and frieze of brilliant crimson, together with their living freight of spectators, add to the decoration to the building. Further on the stretch of the avenue before the president's house the stands are of the most classic form and substantial style. From over the white reviewing stand of the chief executive floats an hundred banners, and its stately walls and flag-draped sides make it the gem of the whole collection of reviewing stands.

The civic grand division was headed by B. H. Warner, marshal, Thomas C. Noyes, adjutant general, General Benjamin Butterworth, chief of staff, and aids.

The first division of the civic body was headed by D. D. Woodmansee, president National League of Republican Clubs, James K. Howe, chief of staff, Hon. William S. Booz, adjutant general, with aids as follows: W. H. Atwell, F. B. Brownell, W. E. Bundy, Frank L. Case, H. de B. Clay, Horace M. Deal, F. H. Greer, S. L. Hain, C. E. Ink, R. R. Knowles, Charles F. Leach, F. F. Meyer, Jr., C. W. Raymond, D. A. Robinson, M. R. Sulzer, D. L. Sleeper, Richard Yates, L. J. Crawford, W. P. McCreary, Everett Warren, C. A. Atkinson, F. H. Morris, H. H. Burgess, H. H. Blunt, Walter P. Corbett, V. P. Clayton, E. L. Gregory, E. G. Gray, A. M. Higgins, Frank S. Monnett, Andrew James, E. J. Miller, A. L. Morrison, George W. Ruch, George Stone, Theodore Sobel, Luke T. Walker, Scott Bon-Lam, F. L. Edinborough, John J. Sullivan, William Edgar Rogers, Esq., Young Men's Blaine club, Cincinnati, Fred Bader, commander.

The second brigade was led by Hon. Murat Halstead, marshal, with the Matthew S. Quay club of Philadelphia and the Indian school battalion of Carlisle, Pa.

In the first brigade of the third division were the following Ohio organizations: Tippecanoe club, Cleveland, John H. Blood, commander; Stamula Republican League, Cincinnati, James K. Stewart, commander; Charles L. Kurtz Republican club, Columbus, Major E. G. Bailey, marshal.

INAUGURAL PARADE.

Two Features Were the Indians and the "Veterans' Division."

Washington, March 4.—Shortly before noon President-elect McKinley drove from the Ebbitt House up Pennsylvania avenue to the Capitol. He rode in an open carriage, drawn by four horses and preceded by his military escort, composed of a brigade of United States forces and the brigade of the District of Columbia National Guard, among them being the Seventeenth United States infantry of Columbus barracks, Troop A of Cleveland, the personal escort of the President-elect, and a detachment of veterans of the Twenty-third Ohio Volunteers.

After the inauguration proper at the Capitol began the inaugural parade. A feature which was very unique was 150 Indians from the western reserve. They were in native costume, mounted, and were followed in the parade by 200 Indians from the Carlisle school of Pennsylvania, carrying implements of industry for the purpose of contrast.

Another feature of the parade was the division of veterans. In view of the fact that the president himself is a veteran and a member of several of the associations formed of the survivors of that struggle, a division of the parade was composed of his comrades and such of their sons as belong to organizations of the Sons of Veterans. It was known as the "veteran division," and Major General O. O. Howard commanded. The Grand Army of the Republic, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Union Veteran legion, the Medal of Honor legion, the Sons of Veterans and other organized and uniformed bodies of like character formed this division in the parade.

The personal escort of the president, Troop A of Cleveland, preceded the president's carriage. Then came a detachment of veterans of the Twenty-third Ohio Volunteers, followed by the president and president-elect, the vice president-elect and the senate committee of arrangements, Messrs. Sherman of Ohio, Elkins of West Virginia, and Mitchell of Oregon; members of the cabinet, Major General Miles, commanding the army; the senior admiral of the navy.

At the head of the second division was Governor Asa S. Bushnell of Ohio, marshal, General H. A. Axline, adjutant general with staff; General

William P. Orr, quartermaster general; General I. K. Hamilton, judge advocate; General J. E. Lowe, surgeon general; Colonel A. L. Conger, chief of engineers; aids, Colonels R. J. McKinney, David I. Cockley, George D. Wick, J. W. Barge, Charles B. Wing, C. E. Burke, C. R. Fisher, I. Fleischman, H. H. Pettyman, H. D. Knox, L. K. Anderson, H. A. Marting.

In the first brigade, second division, was Governor D. H. Hastings of Pennsylvania, with aids: Governor John W. Griggs of New Jersey, General William S. Stryker, adjutant general, with staff and aids; Governor Lloyd Lowndes of Maryland with staff and aids.

In the second brigade, second division, was Governor Frank S. Black of New York, General C. W. Tillinghast, adjutant general, with staff and aids; Governor William O. Bradley of Kentucky, General D. R. Collier, adjutant general, with staff and aids.

The third brigade was headed by Governor Josiah G. Grou of Vermont, General T. S. Peck, adjutant general, with aids. Then came companies F and G of the Fifth regiment, the Fourteenth regiment and two batteries of artillery of the Ohio National Guard; Governor John R. Tanner of Illinois, General J. N. Reese, adjutant general, with staff; Governor Francis M. Drake, General H. H. Wright, adjutant general, with staff and aids; Governor Edward Scofield, General Charles R. Boardman, adjutant general, with aids.

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OLD TIME JEALOUSY.

"Monroe Doctrine" on Platform Privileges Seems to Be a Failure.

Washington, March 4.—The jealousy between the two houses of congress over platform privileges lends a touch of comedy to the preparations for inauguration day. This strife had its beginning back in the early days of the government when the two houses contended for the honor of installing the president in their respective halls.

President Monroe solved the difficulty by arranging to take the oath of office on a platform built in front of the Capitol. Since his time the custom of erecting a platform at the east front of the Capitol midway between the two houses of congress have followed, but this year the senate made an innovation by having the platform in front of the senate wing of the Capitol. The house received this innovation as an affront and felt further hurt because each senator received four tickets to the stand while a member of the house was given but two.

To equalize the privilege the house proceeded to construct a platform of its own in front of the rotunda and beside the main platform with a seating capacity of 500.

In further pursuit of equal rights a resolution was introduced by Representative Dockery inquiring by what authority the senate appropriated to its own control the stand on which the president is to take the oath of office, but this resolution sleeps with the committee on rules.

The members of the ways and means committee of the house executed a flank movement on their fellow members by bringing a gang of workmen to the Capitol who were put to work building a private platform on the east portico in front of the committee room. The east front of the Capitol presents a great array of scaffolding and more platform are in contemplation. The supreme court also has one in front of its portion of the Capitol.

Smith Is on Hand.

Carson City, Nev., March 4.—"Mysterious Billy Smith," who is to fight George Green, has arrived from New York, accompanied by Henry Baker of Chicago. It is understood that Dan Stuart will quietly slip away to San Francisco very soon for needed rest.

An Extra Session to Be Called.

Lexington, Ky., March 4.—Governor Bradley telegraphs The Leader that an extra session of the legislature will be called, but declines to give the exact date.

Naval Appropriations.

Washington, March 4.—The house having agreed to all the amendments to the naval appropriation bill, it is passed and awaits only the signature of the president.

West Whips Wolcott.

New York, March 4.—Tommy West of New York met and clearly defeated Joe Wolcott (feared) of Boston in a 20-round boxing bout at the Broadway Athletic club.

Small Crushed.

Stoughton, O., March 4.—Luther Leost had his skull crushed in a runaway.

The Weather.

For West Virginia: Slightly colder and fair weather, westerly winds. For Ohio: Generally fair, westerly winds; colder. For Indiana: Slightly warmer; light variable winds.

clerk of the court ever since that tribunal was established except on the two occasions when President Cleveland was installed in office.

Mr. McKenney clerk of the supreme court, who has held the office on which Garfield was sworn and every president after him, has always marked the verse which the president touched with his lips and after the inaugural has presented the book, made historic by this event, to the president or to his wife.

When Mr. McKenney presented to Mrs. Hayes the volume on which her husband had been sworn she inquired what passage he had kissed. The verse recited, in substance, that his enemies encompassed him like bees, but he would destroy them. Mrs. Hayes remarked that President Hayes would destroy no one.

At the second inauguration of President Grant the clerk opened the Bible and handed it to Chief Justice Chase, who held it to the lips of the president. They rested upon these verses from the 11th chapter of Isaiah:

"And the spirit of the Lord shall rest upon him, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit of knowledge and of the fear of the Lord."

"And shall make him of quick understanding in the fear of the Lord; and he shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, neither reprove after the hearing of his ears."

The first inauguration of George Washington in the federal building in New York on April 30, 1789, was delayed by the failure to provide a Bible. Just as the arrival of Washington was announced to congress, Chancellor Livingston discovered that there was no Bible in the building. He was master of St. John's Lodge, No. 1 of Free Masons, and happened to remember that there was a Bible in the lodge room. A messenger was quickly sent to bring the book and it is preserved to the present day among the relics of the lodge.

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CORWINE IS ARRESTED.

Navy Paymaster Confesses to a \$10,000 Shortage.

HE IS CAPTURED IN CHICAGO.

On His Departure He Had a Check For \$5,000 Cashied by a Boston Bank—Statement of the Prisoner.

Chicago, March 4.—John Corwine, the United States navy paymaster who a few days ago suddenly left Newport, R. I., accused of being an embezzler of government funds, was arrested here.

When arrested he confessed to the police of having robbed the government of \$10,000 during the time that he held the position of paymaster. He could offer no excuse for his peculations.

Corwine has held the position of paymaster for two years. He is 42 years old, married, and in Newport had access to the best society and bore the reputation of being sober and attentive to his duties.

Government officials began inquiring into his methods of discharging his duties several months ago. They were bringing matters to a climax when Corwine suddenly left Newport.

Corwine went to Boston, according to his confession, where he presented a check for \$5,000 to the Union National bank. The check was on the navy department, but Corwine was recognized as the paymaster by the cashier and the money was turned over to him without any inquiry. Corwine then went to Brooklyn, he says, and there met his wife. He gave her \$2,000 of the amount he had secured, so he claims, and then made her good by saying that he was going to make a long trip. From Brooklyn Corwine went to New York city, where he boarded a train for Chicago via the New York Central.

GOLD STANDARD DEMOCRATS.

Meet in Convention to Nominate a State Ticket in Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 4.—The state convention of gold standard Democrats to nominate a supreme court justice and university regents is in session here. Michael Brennan of Detroit is temporary chairman. The attendance is not large, but it includes many life-long and influential Democrats. There is some division of sentiment as to whether a ticket should be named for the spring election. Congressman Byrum of Indiana, chairman of the national committee, is present and addressed the convention. He argued for state banks of issue under proper safeguards; for the present he urges measures to prevent greenbacks being used to raid the treasury reserve.

The Fad Strikes Norway.

Christiania, March 4.—At the session of the storting, the legislative assembly of Norway it was unanimously decided to appoint a committee of nine to consider the question of entering into treaties of arbitration with foreign countries, and to submit to proposals.

Death of John Oakley.

San Francisco, March 4.—John M. Oakley, a Pittsburg broker, ostensibly acting as courier to a European princess, traveling incognito, died here. It is said his companion was also from Pittsburg and that her name is Jessie Taylor.

Tobacco Dealers to Be Prosecuted.

West Union, O., March 4.—By order of the school board dealers selling tobacco to children will be prosecuted.

The Perfect Pill

Perfect in preparation.

Perfect in operation.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Perfect post-prandial pill.

Perfect for all purposes.

THE PILL THAT WILL

with Adoo as assistant secretary of
ver- navy.

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The Times-Democrat has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every household in Allen county. This fact is well recognized as the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing circulation is a testimony to its popularity.

The Times-Democrat is the Semi-Weekly edition issued by the Times-Democrat Company. It contains all the news of the day, and is a valuable source of information to all who are interested in the affairs of the county.

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Business comes by
ADVERTISING

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

UNION LABEL

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democracy of Allen county are requested to meet in delegate convention at the assembly room of the court house, on
TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1897.

At ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination for the following county officers: Representative, Sheriff, Treasurer, Commissioner, Auditor, Coroner and Surveyor.

The basis of representation in the county convention will be one delegate for every twenty-five votes or fraction over thirteen cast for a candidate at the previous election in 1894, and the apportionment will be as follows:

	Del.	Votes
Amanda tp.	10	240
Angeline tp. east pre.	5	115
Angeline tp. west pre.	4	108
Bath tp.	7	171
German tp.	7	171
Madison tp.	4	98
Jackson tp.	11	278
Marion tp.	8	192
Delphos, First ward	8	192
Delphos, Second ward	8	192
Monroe tp.	10	240
Lima, First ward, pre A.	13	288
Lima, Second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Tenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eleventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twelfth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fourteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventeenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Nineteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twentieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirtieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fortieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fiftieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixtieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eightieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninetieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, One hundred ward, pre A.	8	192

Total number of Delegates in convention

Necessary to a choice 129

The basis of representation in the Senatorial Convention will be one delegate for each county in the several counties and one for William J. Bryan last November. Under this apportionment the representation of Allen county in these conventions will be as follows:

	No.	Del. Votes
Amanda tp.	10	240
Angeline tp. east pre.	5	115
Angeline tp. west pre.	4	108
Bath tp.	7	171
German tp.	7	171
Madison tp.	4	98
Jackson tp.	11	278
Marion tp.	8	192
Delphos, First ward	8	192
Delphos, Second ward	8	192
Monroe tp.	10	240
Lima, First ward, pre A.	13	288
Lima, Second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Tenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eleventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twelfth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fourteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventeenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Nineteenth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twentieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Twenty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirtieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Thirty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fortieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Forty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fiftieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Fifty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixtieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Sixty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Seventy-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eightieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Eighty-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninetieth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-first ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-second ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-third ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-fourth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-fifth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-sixth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-seventh ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-eighth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, Ninety-ninth ward, pre A.	8	192
Lima, One hundred ward, pre A.	8	192

The Democracy of the various wards and precincts in Allen county are hereby notified to meet on Saturday, March 13, 1897, between the hours of one o'clock p. m. and four o'clock p. m., at the usual places of holding such meetings and proceed to elect by ballot the requisite number of delegates to represent them in the several county and senatorial conventions, which may be held during the year 1897. At the same time and place, shall also be selected one person from each ward and precinct in Allen county to serve as a member of the Democratic County Advisory Committee.

Only three years ago when the Democratic Party in Allen county was in a minority, the election in November, 1894, and who will support the Democratic ticket nominated on April 13th, shall be eligible to participate in the election of delegates to the county and senatorial conventions. All young Democrats in the county are urged to attend the election prior to the next November election and

who will support the Democratic ticket at that election, are eligible to vote in the various primary caucuses. A caucus is a meeting of the ward, precinct or township and elected in the manner prescribed in this act. It is not to be held in a public place, but in a private place, and the election of delegates to the county and senatorial conventions will be permitted to take place at the same time and place. All ballots used in the ward or township primary caucuses shall be printed on red paper.

In order of the Democratic Central Committee of Allen county, Ohio:

W. J. O'CONNOR, Sec'y.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The fee for announcement of names in the Times-Democrat is \$1.00, payable when the copy for the announcement is left for publication.

REPRESENTATIVE.

You are authorized to announce my name as a candidate for the office of Representative, subject to the decision of the Allen County Democratic Convention.

G. W. DUNN

We are authorized to announce the name of ORAS H. ADKINS as a candidate for County Representative, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Please announce the name of JOHN W. McNEVES, of Richland township, as a candidate for County Representative, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. H. R. B. of Richland township, as a candidate for Representative, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of AUGUST G. LUTZ as a candidate for re-nomination for second term for County Treasurer of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. LAUDER, of South Lima, as a candidate for Sheriff of Allen county, Ohio, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. A. BOGART, of Monroe township, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. E. B. of Monroe township, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

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prices fell, and the work of repairing the track with new rails was actively renewed. The enormous number of recent orders for rails shows how great was this necessity. It is estimated that in the brief space of time since the Carnegie-Rockefeller alliance smashed the Trust the orders for rails have amounted to not much less than a million tons. But a deduction of probably 100,000 tons must be made for export. The decline in the price of rails has thus been an immense boon in promoting the safety and comfort of travel abroad as well as at home. It has cost the traveling world a great deal in life and limb to gratify the greed of the Steel Rail Trust.

A gentleman who has been in Washington lately, and who has been studying the changes that are to take place in the senate on the 4th inst., says that the loss of a few of the senators who are going out is to be regretted, but that the average of the exodus is one that ought to be extremely gratifying to the people. There is Palmer, of Illinois, and the bolter, kicker, straddler, and assistant Republican. Even if all the others whose terms expire were good and strong men, Palmer would make the average low and contemptible.—Enquirer.

Foraker is in a dazed condition. He should pinch himself and discover whether he is really Joey B., or some other fellow.—Zanesville Signal.

The invertebrate governor of Ohio has demonstrated that if any kind of political antagonists want anything they can have it by simply asking for it, and accompanying the request with a bluff.—Fostoria Times.

It is announced from Canton that the major has given the office seekers over to Mark Hamr, who will only recognize the McKinley strikers when he hangs out the pie; and new look out for the Foraker fellows making big claims as to how they did the \$7.00 house act during the campaign.—Steubenville Gazette.

Hanna is not going to the senate as a representative of the people of Ohio or of the people of the country. So far as he is concerned the people will have to look out for themselves. He is entering congress with no silly ideas of statesmanship and patriotism and all that sort of thing. He is going to Washington on business—his private business and the private business of his business associates. He and they want a robber tariff; they have a right to expect it in return for their election of McKinley, and he will procure it at the earliest possible moment.—New York Journal.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

THE B. OF L. F. TROUBLES.

The Indianapolis News, in speaking of the rumors

AN INAUGURAL JUBILEE!

COLD SHOULDER

HALF A CENTURY.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

Given the Sherman Advocates
Last Evening.

EVERYTHING PREARRANGED

And the Slate Goes Through With a Whirl
—Only One Dissenting Voice—Mr.
Kalt and Gen. Ellis Deliver
Prosperity Orations.

The advance agents of prosperity met in the assembly room last evening to ratify the names of those persons who previously had been chosen by the Foraker contingency to serve as the city central committee. The slate went through without a change, and the caucus was an excellent example of the Cox method of procedure.

Every Foraker worker had been ordered to be present to assist in annihilating the Hall-Sherman faction, and they all obeyed the summons. A few Sherman sympathizers stood in the rear portion of the room, with an expression of dire contempt and jealousy. They saw the powers were against them, and finally took their departure by the rear door to avoid confusion. Everything was fixed.

Gus Kalt called the meeting to order and delivered his oration. He was thankful for the honor "thrust" upon him and felt that those present also had much to be thankful for. He rejoiced to think that to-day the policy of protection and reciprocity would be in effect again. He attempted to hypnotize the laboring men by telling them that to-day at noon the wheels of prosperity would begin to buzz and that the laboring man for 4 years to come would be happy continuously. He repeated the same old prosperity prophecy that has become so stale and offensive to the working man. He recognized the weakness of their policy and implored the prayers of the good mothers.

He ended his oration by announcing that Major Hall-Hill would preside.

This was no surprise to Mr. Hall-Hill, who stepped to the front holding in his hand a list of the names which he had already chosen to select as city committeemen. He didn't wish to have a recess for fear of the meeting resulting in a mob.

Longworth—as usual—moved that a committee, composed of one from each ward, be selected to name the city committeemen.

W. L. Parmenter thought it best for a Foraker man to appoint the committee and amended the motion so that the chair would appoint the committeemen.

Mr. Hall-Hill then referring to his notes selected the following anti-Sherman committee:

First ward, J. G. Stockton;
Second ward, Charles Matheany;
Third ward, William Watkins;
Fourth ward, Benjamin Lee;
Fifth ward, Samuel Fletcher;
Sixth ward, W. L. Parmenter;
Seventh ward, I. E. Longworth.

The committee repaired to the hall, but returned immediately. Mr. Parmenter, with a smile on his face, then announced that the following persons had been selected:

First Ward, Precinct A—J. G. Stockton; Precinct B, John Norman;
Second Ward—William Uhl;
Third Ward, Precinct A—J. H. Battenburg; Precinct B, Wm. Gibson;

Fourth Ward, Precinct A—M. E. Buysell; Precinct B, J. W. Linderman; Precinct C, J. V. Smiley;
Fifth Ward—J. H. Morrison;
Sixth Ward, Precinct A—Chas. F. Price; Precinct B, Gen. L. F. Ellis;

Seventh Ward, Precinct A—Albert Gale; Precinct B, Glen Wallace.

A motion was made by Mr. Parmenter that the report be adopted.

Mr. Sanford opposed the motion unless he was satisfied that the men selected had been previously seen and had agreed to serve. Unless this had been done he would vote against it. The action looked suspicious.

No other remarks were made and the motion was carried, there being but one dissenting voice.

Gen. Ellis was called on for an impromptu speech. He came forward with his notes in his hand and recited a neat speech on what he expected from the coming administration. He spoke flatteringly of comrade McKinley and comrade Senator Foraker, but forgot to mention the name of "comrade" Senator Hanna.

"Postmaster" Fletcher insisted that three cheers be given for McKinley. He had a few other enthusiastic candidates then made a noise, after which the Foraker caucus adjourned.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at H. F. Vorkamp's Drug Store, 200 E. Main and North sts. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

In August, 1848. They lived at Cincinnati until 1869, when they removed to this city, which is still their home.

Mr. Miller and Phillip Klaus became partners in a meat market in 1860, and were the first to occupy the old frame building which stood where the Tiger portion of the Lima House block was erected in more recent years. In 1873 Mr. Miller sold out his interest in the meat market to Mr. Klaus, and in that year was elected sheriff of Allen county, which office he filled four years. Later he was elected a city councilman and served three terms in that capacity. After his term as sheriff, Mr. Miller engaged in the hotel and restaurant business, and later started a meat market on east Market street, where he was succeeded by his sons, the firm of Miller Bros.

MANY RELATIVES WILL ATTEND.

At the anniversary celebration tonight there will be a legion of relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Miller have been blessed with seven sons and four daughters. The former are Daniel B. F. W. O. G., and John Miller, of this city; L. G. and G. W. Miller, of Dayton, and Alexander H. Miller, deceased. The daughters are Kate, (now Mrs. Seeley, of Dayton) Caroline (deceased), Pauline (deceased), and Rosella, now Mrs. Ed Stump, of this city. Most of the survivors of the family are married, and among the many other relatives both children and grand children will assist in making the celebration a memorable and happy event.

Mr. Miller is one of the oldest members of Lima Lodge 581, I. O. O. F., and the Red Men's Lodge, and is at present serving in public life in the capacity of a constable, hale and hearty at the age of almost 66 years.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Mrs. N. E. Haywood, of Wapakoneta, Shoots Herself With Her Husband's Revolver.

Mrs. N. E. Haywood, the wife of a retired capitalist, of Wapakoneta, committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting herself through the head with a 38 calibre revolver.

It is believed that she was demoralized at the time of the act. She had been suffering for several years from a cancerous growth in the stomach, and yesterday when she arose she complained of pains in her stomach. She went to her husband's writing desk and secured his revolver, then went to her room and shot herself.

Mr. Haywood is a prominent citizen of Wapakoneta and a stockholder in the People's Bank at that place.

THE TAYLOR MEETING.

"Excuses," the Subject of the Sermon Last Night.

The largest audience of the week gathered last evening in Berean Baptist Church. A deep spirit of interest pervades the whole community from which the congregation is gathered. The cornet solos of Mrs. Taylor form an attraction, as does also the singing of Mr. and Mrs. Taylor. But that which holds and influences is the Word of God, preached in the power of the Spirit and largely illustrated as were the addresses of Christ. Meeting tonight at 7 o'clock. Everybody invited.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

BURNETT HOUSE.

B. Taylor, Wooster; C. J. Babcock, New York; F. H. Buchheit, South Bend; B. A. Roloson, Delphos; J. B. Hill, Springfield; Geo. W. Hind, Toledo; E. A. Dieker, Cincinnati; F. E. Needles, Dayton; J. F. Hess, Massillon; W. L. Miller, Marion, Ind.; Paul Herbold, Gallon; B. R. Rogers, Detroit; Jos. H. Lints, St. Louis, Mo.; E. J. Dousseau, Toledo; J. E. McCarty, Cleveland; I. M. Holtz, Richmond, Ind.; W. F. Case, Van Wert; O. L. W. Sparger, Rainboro; T. H. Dacres, Chicago; W. M. Zanzant, Van Wert; J. H. Heyl, Columbus; J. C. Irwin, Chicago; Andy Shuster, Spencerville; Geo. T. Thompson, Detroit; J. E. Hall, Detroit; John Hawks, Adrian, Mich.

HOFFMAN HOUSE.

T. F. Drake, B. Breese, G. J. Turkey, Ft. Wayne; L. C. Deman, Cincinnati; J. L. Shay, Dayton; J. M. Palmer, Detroit; W. W. Wolf, Toledo; Chas. Stone, George H. Nelmer, Cincinnati; J. H. Evans, Lockport, N. Y.; P. E. Wells, Bucyrus; John Huberich, Toledo; C. Nester, Lancaster.

LIMA HOUSE.

Wm. Knight, Cleveland; T. McEdwards, Leipsic; W. G. Lindsey, Chicago; Ben May, Cincinnati; M. M. Daniels, Cleveland; Lee Bamberger, Cincinnati; E. P. Allen, Pittsburg; Louis Herbert, Cincinnati; O. Duncan Reid, Toronto.

THE HARROD.

M. A. Zigler, Toledo; J. F. Campbell, St. Marys; J. N. DeVault, Dayton; Mrs. L. O. Orr, Cleveland; J. R. Grimsley, Springfield.

A course of Hood's Sarsaparilla taken now will build up the system and prevent serious illness later on. Get only Hood's.

All paid published by Dr. Miller's Pills.

Important Notice!



The only genuine "Baker's Chocolate," which is put up in Blue Wrappers and Yellow Labels. Beware of the Yellow Label and our Trade-Mark on every package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD., Dorchester, Mass.

It Knocks
Them
All Out!

"The New Guyer"

A Swell Hat for \$3.50.—Equal to Any \$5.00 Hat.

MICHAEL'S.



Brazilian Balm
THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM!

Cures...
Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe
LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES
CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping in the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes HAY FEVER.

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the gripple germ and quickly removes all the after bad effects.

INFAILLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops sneezing in 2 minutes. Stops itching in the head and relieves deafness. As an infection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence. 50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Furke Postles. "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripple we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Just. of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Satten, Western Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Woolton. "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Gallaway, Pittstown, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burwell, aged 84. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

OIL AND GAS.

OIL MARKET.

Pennsylvania oil..... 21
South Lima oil..... 16
South Lima oil..... 16
Indiana oil..... 11

The Buckeye Pipe Line runs for March 2 were 48,304.60.

MERGER COMPANY FIELD.

The Nake Oil Company has sold out to Toledo capitalists. The sale was completed on Monday for a consideration of \$15,000. Mr. O'Connell will be the company's manager who will stay here and look after the development of their territory.

The Greater Indiana Oil, Gas & Fuel Company is soon to begin extensive operations in this field. It has already secured the Linn, Hight and Jewett leases and is now drilling a well out at that point. Harry S. Johns is manager for the company.—Cinema Standard.

STREET TALK.

A fellow named Davenport died at Indianapolis the other day after drinking two glasses of whiskey. That shows how lucky some people are. We know men who would have died before they could get the whiskey.—Cinema Standard.

"Bogie" Rapert, of Spencerville, Allen county's wonderful ball player,

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST

for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE

FIV'S Cream Balm

contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens up discharges. It cures the most stubborn cases of Catarrh.

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New Spring Dress Goods.

Exclusive dress specialties, fancy wool novelties, elegant fabrics in new and stylish novelty effects, 58 distinct styles to choose from. One price rules the entire collection of a beautiful variety of attractive styles—

25 CENTS THE YARD.

Little Priced Stuffs are Especially Attractive.

Colored Dress Goods, fancy, 40 inches wide, (notice the width) full line of colors, 15c per yard.

Fancy Spring Checks—the neatness of the styles will make them wise selections—35 inches wide, 15 cents per yard.

Novelty Dress Goods—novelties, all of them. Dress stuffs with graces and goodness, full one yard wide, 15 cents per yard.

For 19 cents per yard really good stuffs, closely woven—the women know.

For 25 cents, all wool Serges, spring shades, 45 inches wide. The least price for Serges of equal value would be 50c; these go for 25 cents per yard.

We never yet knew a time when such values and such prices were yoked. How can you afford to miss them?

Dress Plaids, little Plaids, big Plaids, low and high cost, but every time a stylish triumph and a quality triumph.

Black and white Checks, one yard wide, 15 cents the yard.

Fancy colored Plaids, one yard wide, 15 cents per yard.

Plaids woven in fancy colored combinations, one yard wide, 15c per yard.

Dourette Plaids, in stylish designs, 20 cents per yard, 35 inches wide.

At 24 cents per yard, new Plaids, strikingly attractive.

All wool plaids in choice shades of the new season, representing color combinations in great variety, for 50 cents per yard.

Black and white, brown and white, green and white, etc., all wool checks of superior quality, being unusually early presentations of goods already much in demand, 35 inches wide, per yard, 50 cents.

34 inch Checks. In all best colors, 75 cents per yard.

SILKS:

Is there a Silk want for dress? Waist? Cape lining? Trimming? High class novelties have just been received. Bright, new, fresh patterns and tints for the spring of 1897. All exquisite designs. China Silks, black and white checked Taffeta Silks, Chantilla Stripes Silks, Jacquard and Novelty Taffeta Silks, black Antiqua Moire; also, handsome Novelty Silks in stripes, chameleon effects, etc., are now here for your selection.

THE METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.

Stores, 233-235 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

Buy Wood

To-Day

To-morrow the gas line may break and cold meals be your portion. As a preventive,

TO THE CALAMITY

PUT WOOD IN THY CELLAR!

WILL HAVE PLENTY OF IT FOR EVERYBODY.

THE SOUTH LIMA HANDLE WORKS.

COR. KIDNEY AND TUMBER STREETS. Telephone 291.

Read

A newspaper that serves the news when you want it. That's what

The Daily Times-Democrat

Does every evening. Subscribe for it

And You Will Get

All the local and general news of the day, concisely and accurately told. We publish

All the News.

Ten cents a week by carrier.

FOR THE WAR GOD.

France's Military Church Built For Soldiers and by Soldiers.

There is at Douremy, France, the birthplace of the world famous Maid of Orleans what is perhaps the most wonderful military church in the world. It has been literally built by soldiers, for soldiers and with the money subscribed by soldiers. It is an almost exclusively military church. There is more of the pomp and pageantry of war about it than even the German emperor's chapel at Potsdam or the military chapel in the Invalides, at Paris, in direct contrast to the peaceful aspect of most churches.

Although nominally built to perpetuate the name of Joan of Arc, it is practically a temple to the god of war. The very appearance is that of a fortresslike building, and within the interior and exterior are decorated with warlike statues and martial figures, and everything about the church speaks of military life and affairs.

The appearance of the sanctuary's interior is certainly calculated to arouse all the military enthusiasm in which the French soldier can boast of. In the porch stands a magnificently sculptured group, among which the figure of Joan of Arc, kneeling in the attitude of prayer and raising her hands and face to heaven, is prominent. The figure is lifelike, and one seems almost to hear the fair warrior's petition for divine guidance. At her right side stands St. Margaret, the patron saint of fortitude, holding the maiden's helmet, while St. Catherine, the patron saint of heroism, is on her left and bears the sword which is to be used in the battle with the British.

Another warlike figure is that of St. Michael the great archangel of battle. He is represented as clad in a complete suit of armor, as though ready for immediate warfare, and he towers high above the other figures and with his right hand points to heaven, the warrior maid's gaze following the direction of his uplifted finger. In his left hand St. Michael holds the royal banner of France, with flowers de lince long since superseded by the national emblem, the tricolor of the revolution.

This group of statuary inspires the most peace loving citizen with martial ardor, and there is not a soldier of the French army within miles of Douremy who has not visited the church and been struck with this grand military monument. It is significant that the group faces toward Germany, and the patron saints of heroism and fortitude are gazing out in the direction of the long lost but not forgotten province of Alsace. This has been particularly noticed by nearly every military visitor to the church.

The walls of the church are decorated with old colors of the French regiments, tattered and torn remnants of what once were bright flags, stained with the lifeblood of many a gallant standard bearer and honored by victory in many a battle. On the very altar itself are marble effigies of warrior saints, with swords raised aloft and courage written on their features.

The building was commenced some years ago and was intended to be the national memorial to the fair girl who was so cruelly burned as a witch in barbarous times. The money—\$100,000—was subscribed by French soldiers and sailors in all parts of the world.

As before mentioned, the church is specially erected for the benefit of soldiers. Services of military character are frequently conducted, and every day a mass is said for the souls of those French soldiers who have been killed in battle or otherwise in the service of their country.—Julian Ralph in New York Journal

Different Now.

The stage manager was thoughtful.

"I think we'd better cut out that line," he said.

"What line?" asked the leading man.

"The one that reads, 'Apparel off proclaims the man.'"

"I don't see why. It has come down to us without protest from the day that Shakespeare wrote it until—"

"Yes, yes," interrupted the stage manager irritably, "of course it was all right when it was written. There were no girls in knickerbockers then, and very likely there was a good deal of truth in it."—Strand Magazine

His Strong Point.

"Oh, he makes the best chairman for a banquet that we can get!"

"I don't know he had any qualifications for such a position."

"Why he has the best in the world!"

"He hasn't any wit."

"No."

"And he can't speak well enough to hold attention over 20 seconds."

"That's true, too, but don't you see, he parts his hair in the middle, and it has a tendency to make the speaker's face look very evenly balanced!"—Chicago Post

STOCKHOLM.

The Capital of Sweden and Its Pleasure Loving Inhabitants.

At the time of the exhibition of 1896 there were scarcely 150,000 inhabitants in Stockholm, while its population now quickly approaches 300,000. Several new districts have been added, and large parts of old ones have been rebuilt in a way suggesting a modern capital with rows of magnificent residences, broad avenues and shady parks. The "old city" only is still lying on its islet, surrounded by water, with its narrow and dusky alleys and ancient houses, bringing the thought back to old Stockholm of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. The conveniences and public buildings of all kinds in the town have at the same time acquired an entirely modern character. Tram cars, driven by horses, steam and electricity, cross it in different directions, and elevators ascend to the south part of the town, situated upon high cliffs, and the intercourse between the seven isles upon which Stockholm is situated is carried on by steam launches and ferryboats up to the number of 50.

As to one kind of communications the Swedish capital can decidedly be placed in the first rank of all the cities in the world. Stockholm is first of all the city of telephones. The city of Stockholm possesses no less than 14,000 telephones, all being of double wire and of excellent quality. One telephone to every 20 inhabitants. For the sake of comparison it may be mentioned that the immense London at the beginning of the year 1893 had but 3,000 telephones, and New York at the same time no more than about 10,000 telephones.

Stockholm is known throughout the world for its beautiful situation, and few indeed may be the towns capable of attracting the tourists to such an extent. Other countries, such as for example, Norway and Switzerland, might be more visited than Sweden, they being more practically the resorts of tourists, since the alternatingly smiling and magnificent nature of Sweden has but lately been made more publicly known to foreigners, but scarcely one single place in these two countries can claim such a world fame as Stockholm for what concerns beauty and loveliness.

The capital of Sweden has acquired the reputation, because all that the south and middle parts of Sweden contain of picturesque, lively and rich beauty of nature is concentrated in the exact spot where Stockholm is situated. This charming and lovely nature surrounding Stockholm on all sides is what gives the town its open and lively aspect and awakes the admiration of the stranger.

Besides this it may be said that the life in Stockholm is more stamped with a continental character than is the case with most of the towns of its size. An elegant, lively and pleasure seeking population is the characteristic of Stockholm. There may be few cities in which a perfectly isolated stranger without friends and acquaintances can stay with so much pleasure for a day, month or year as in Stockholm. Not only the town itself, but also the life and customs of its population are laid bare as an open book before his eyes. He can go over everywhere, and everywhere he is treated with kindness and civility. Stockholm is too large for being a small town but it is large enough to let the stranger disappear as in a beehive.

An active life reigns during the delightful summer months of the north. Though street lamps and other illumination are never lit at this time of the year, it is, however, never so dark as not to enable a person at midnight to read a newspaper when seated at a window. The sound of music fills practically the summer resorts and pours its harmony over the adjacent parks and promenades, all crowded with gay and pleasure seeking people.—Washington Post

Lively Medicine.

At a certain London hospital a patient was recently given some extract of malt, with instructions to take a teaspoonful twice a day, commencing on the following morning and to report himself at the end of a fortnight. At the expiration of this time he returned and said to the physician, "Please, sir, am I to go on taking them insects you gave me?"

"Insects?" said the astonished physician. "What insects?"

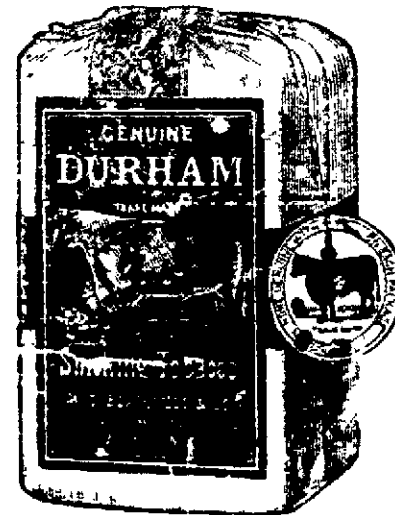
"Why, them cockroaches, sir. I have taken one night and morning in a teaspoonful of the sticky stuff."

Inquiry elicited that cockroaches had not been dispensed, but had got into the jar during the first night of its stay in the patient's house.—London Lancet

A High Recommendation.

"What a pretty name!"

"Yes," replied Miss Ray, "too pretty to change."—Pick Me Up



This is the very best Smoking Tobacco made.

Blackwell's Genuine BULL DURHAM

You will find one coupon inside each 2 ounce bag and two coupons inside each 4 ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share of \$20.00 in presents.

"A BRIGHT HOME MAKES A MERRY HEART." JOY TRAVELS ALONG WITH

SAPOLIO

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never stops. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address: Peal, Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, O.

SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Enslaved Too.

The following circumstance happened in one of the towns of Ireland. A man had been drinking until a later hour at night before he started for home. His last folk had been long in bed, and the houses were all shut and dark. The liquor he had taken was too much for him. He did not know where to go.

He at last staggered into an empty wagon shed and fell upon the ground. For a long time he lay in the unconsciousness of a drunken sleep and would have undoubtedly been frozen to death (for the snow on the ground showed the night to be very cold) had not others less unresponsive been near him.

This shed was a favorite rendezvous for the pigs, which rushed out when the newcomer arrived, but soon returned to their bed. In the utmost kindness and trust of hospitality, they gave their biped companion the middle of the bed.

Toward morning he awoke, and, finding himself comfortable and in blissful ignorance of his whereabouts, he supposed himself enjoying the accommodation of a tavern, in company with other gentlemen. He reached out his hand, and, catching hold of the stiff bristles of a hog, exclaimed:

"Why, mister! When did you shave yourself last?"—Pearson's Weekly

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

A Limited Monarchy.

Mr. Bluff (host at a little dinner of male friends)—Yes, gentlemen, I hold that every man should be master of his own house. There is no other way. Well, as you are all through, gentlemen, suppose we adjourn to the library for a smoke?

Waggoner Guest—Why not smoke here in this grand old dining hall?

"Um! Mrs. Bluff won't let us."—New York Weekly

From Sire to Son.

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this specific will cure you. Wm. M. Melville, the leading druggist, is distributing samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c.

Uncle Allen's Advice.

"If you have any tears to shed over the sufferings of the destitute," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, "don't shed them until you have sent a bundle of food and clothing to the sufferers. And then," quoth Uncle Allen, as the idea grew upon him, "you won't need to shed them."—Chicago Tribune

Skin and blood diseases, causing all sorts of dire disasters to human happiness, are easily and quickly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

A Rebuff.

"Violet Ray? What a pretty name!" and the unpopular suitor. "Yes," replied Miss Ray, "too pretty to change."—Pick Me Up

CASTORIA.

It is the only safe and reliable medicine for children.



Excursions via O., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Excursion Rates to Mardi Gras, New Orleans and Mobile.

Agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will on February 15th and 16th and March 1st and 2nd, sell excursion tickets to New Orleans and Mobile at rate of one fare for the round trip plus \$2.00. Persons desiring to attend the Mardi Gras should call on agents of the C. H. & D. by Palace sleeping cars from Lake Michigan to the Peninsula.

A new line of Pullman Sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore via the "Queen City." Commencing January 15th, the O. H. & D. and the Washington, D. C., and Baltimore R. & O. and B. & O. S. W. railways will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Baltimore via Cincinnati and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows:

Leave Chicago	12:45 a.m.
Indianapolis	1:30 a.m.
Cincinnati	2:15 a.m.
Arrive Washington	6:45 a.m.
Baltimore	7:45 a.m.
Returning, the sleeper will	
Leave Baltimore	11:00 a.m.
Washington D. C.	12:00 p.m.
Cincinnati	3:30 a.m.
Indianapolis	4:15 a.m.
Arrive Chicago	5:45 a.m.

The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern equal to any running on any line.

Are You Going to Travel This Summer?

If you have decided in the affirmative and wish to gather a comprehensive idea of the very best summer resort in the northern United States, the great lake region and Canada, you can obtain satisfactory information by sending in a postage stamp to Mr. D. G. Edwards, Passenger Agent, C. H. & D. Ry, Cincinnati, Ohio, who will in return send you a copy of a Michigan Romance, an attractive story by Stanley Waterloo containing all the information about the summer resorts of the great north. The intelligent traveler will appreciate this work. The C. H. & D. Ry have also under preparation another series of books for the coming summer.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 22, January 5, February 3, April 2, May 1, June 1, these dates of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell settlers' tickets to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, D. C., Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisiana, one way, as desired. It is a rare opportunity to see the South in winter or spring, to visit to call on any agent of the O. H. & D. Ry, who will not only furnish them with information as to the routes but will also obtain literature descriptive of the portions of the country to which they are looking. Agents will cheerfully send anyone in obtaining information who will ask for it.

Sunday December 20th the O. H. & D. and Wabash inaugurated a line of Pullman and Wagner reclining chair cars and sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Kansas City. This line will be made up of the O. H. & D. Ry to Indianapolis, D. C. and W. Ry to Decatur and the Wabash Decatur to Kansas City. The equipment is new, having been built especially for this line. The name of the Pullman car is "Gleason," the Wagner being named "Baltimore." These cars will leave Cincinnati every evening at 7:15 arriving Indianapolis at 10:40 p.m., Decatur at 11:40 p.m., Springfield at 12:40 p.m., Jacksonville at 1:40 p.m., and Kansas City at 3:30 p.m. Returning the car will leave Kansas City at 4:30 p.m., Jacksonville at 5:30 p.m., Springfield at 6:40 p.m., Decatur at 7:40 p.m., and Cincinnati at 8:30 p.m. These cars are models of beauty and contain every device for the safety and convenience of the traveling public being furnished with a large and commodious smoking room and toilet rooms upholstered in brown plush with draperies to match. The cars are mounted on six-wheel standard trucks, gas lighted and steam heated. The Pullman and Wagner cars will alternate in the run.

Settlers' One Way to the South.

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via O. H. & D. Ry.

Settlers' Rates.

The O. H. & D. Ry will sell settlers' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rates on the O. H. & D. Ry will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGuire Ticket Agent

MONEY TO LOAN!

On City Property.

I can make loans on good business property and the better class of residence property, at lowest rates of interest ever offered in Lima. I am sure and get my terms when you want a loan.

T. K. WILKINS, 9-10 Opera Block

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Fossori's Complexion Powder

Complexion Powder

